



# Innovazione e intelligenza artificiale: l'Impella SmartAssist

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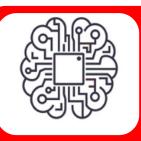


#### Artificial Intelligence

- ✓ The English mathematician Alan Turing, named by some as the father of artificial intelligence, developed the famous code breaking machine The Bombe for the British government, which broke the Enigma code, used by the German army in the Second World War.
- ✓ Artificial intelligence is a computer science field that studies the problem of building agents which take the best possible course of action in a specific situation.
- ✓ Cardiology is at the forefront of artificial intelligence revolution in medicine



# The field of Artificial Intelligence



**Artificial Intelligence:** any technique that allows computer systems to mimic the human intelligence and behaviour



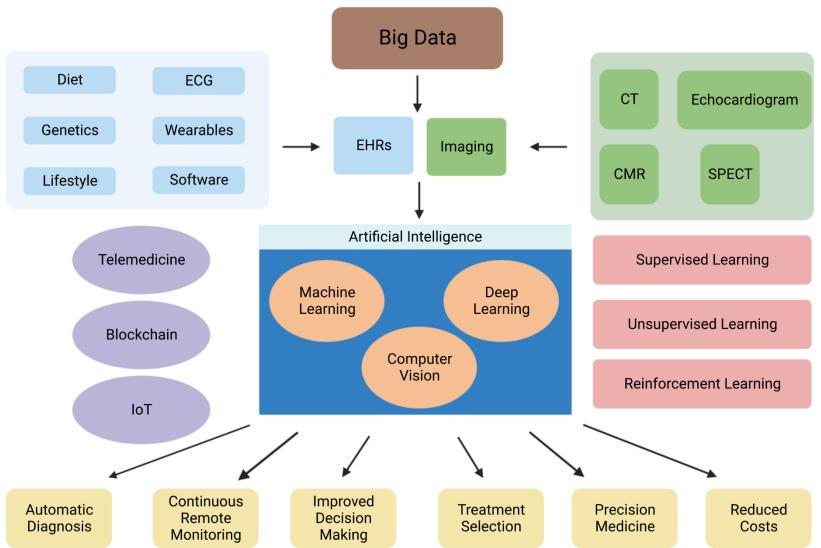
**Machine Learning:** subset of AI, that uses statistical techniques to enable machines to learn from data and improve with experience



**Deep Learning:** subset of ML, in which multilayered neural networks learn from vast amounts of data



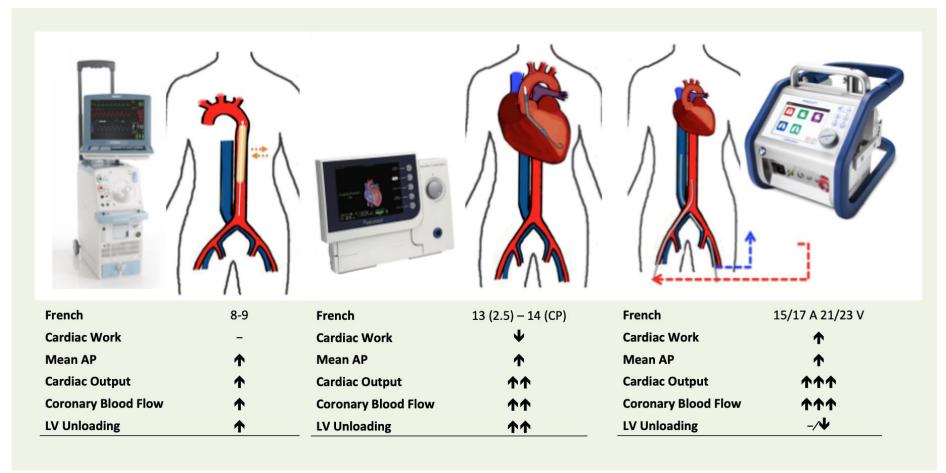
### Artificial Intelligence & Cardiology





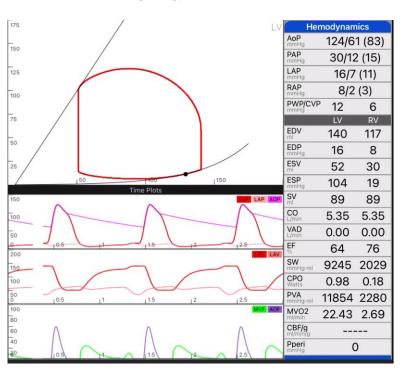
### Al & Left ventricle support

IABP Impella ECMO





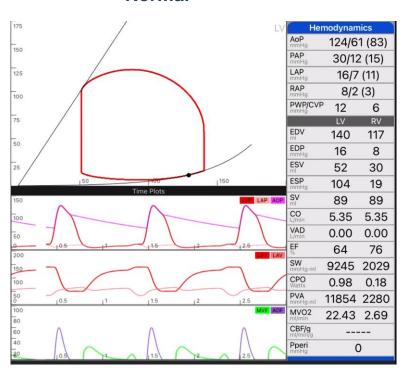
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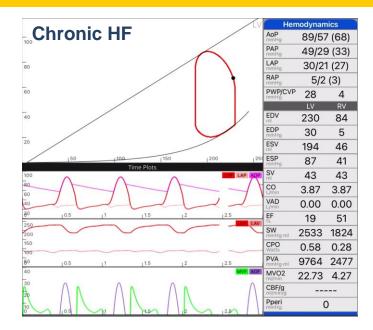




#### PV Loop

#### **Normal**

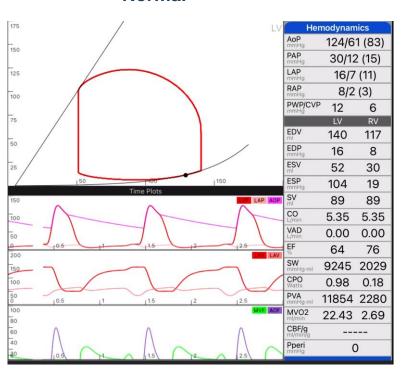


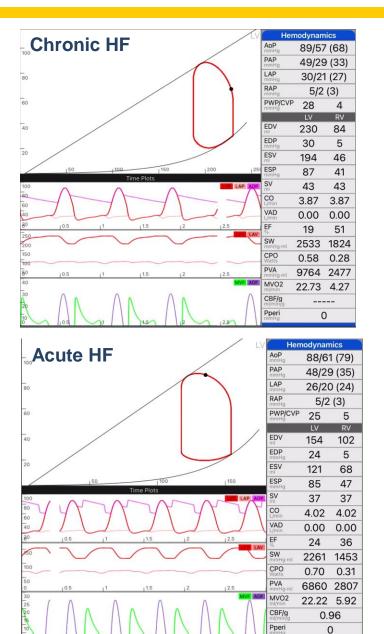




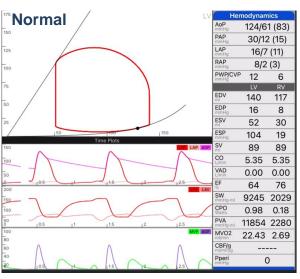
#### PV Loop

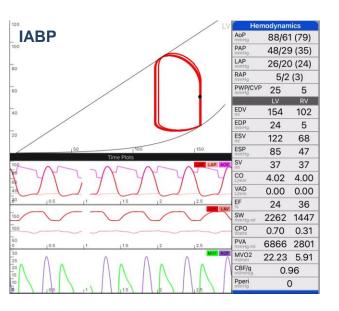
#### **Normal**



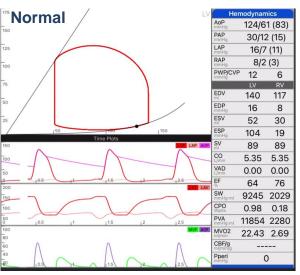


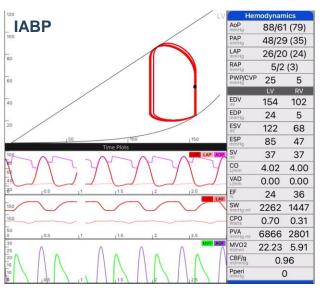


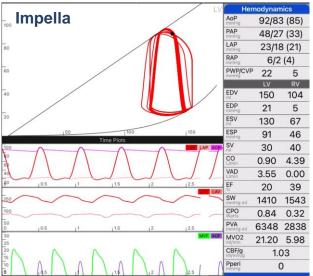




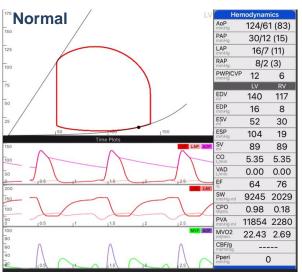


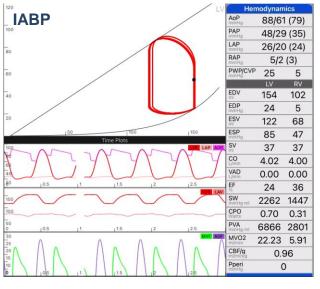


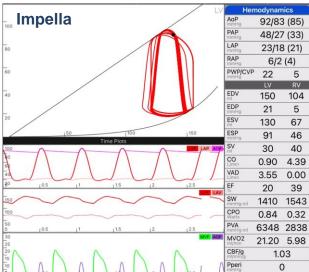


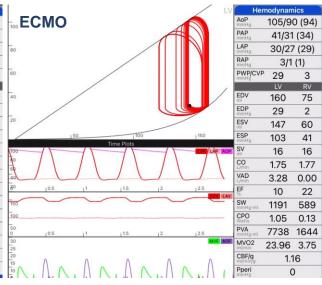




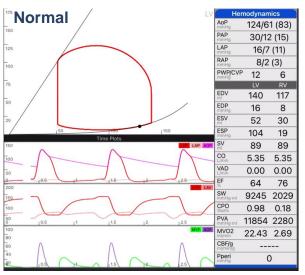


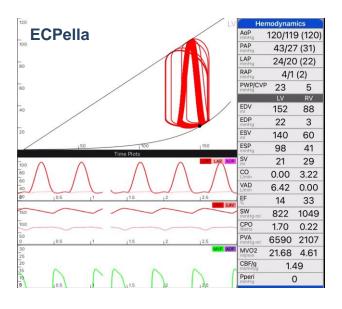


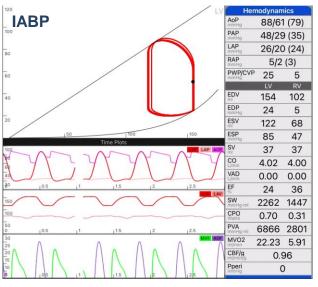


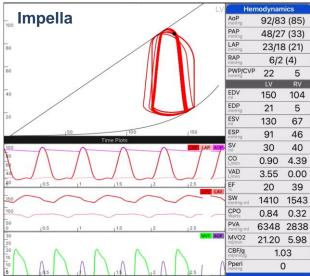










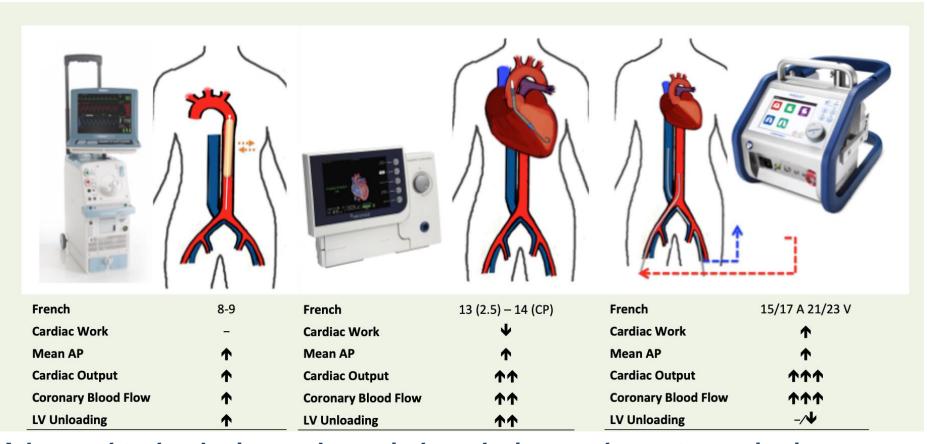






#### AI & Left ventricle support

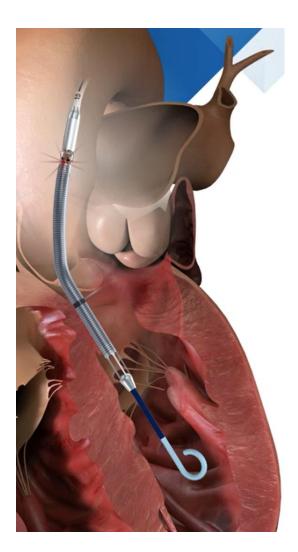
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Advanced technologies such as wireless devices and remote monitoring are quite promising in that regard. Advanced artificial intelligence algorithms might help to improve patient selection, ameliorate early detection of complications, and offer further guidance to manage those complications.



#### The latest innovation on Smart Assist Platform

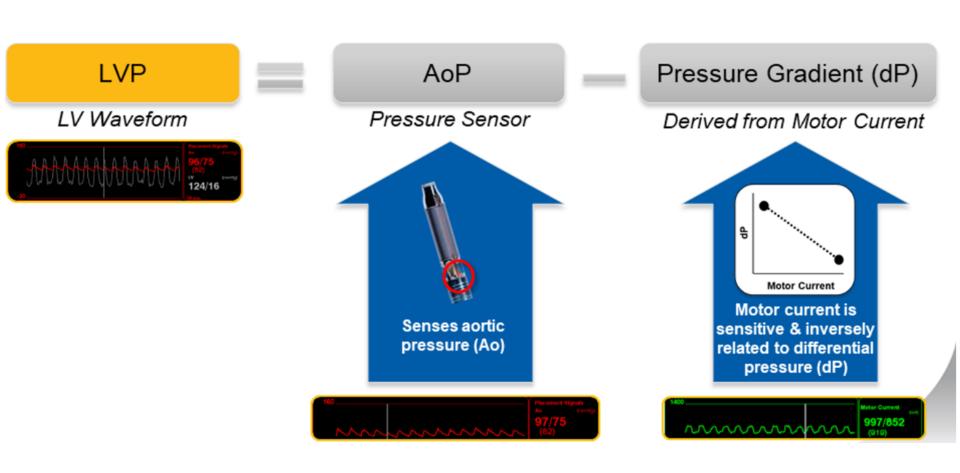


- New sensor technology allows for repositioning in the ICU without the need for imaging
- ✓ Intelligently position, manage and wean
- Cloud-based, remote viewing for collaborative patient management



#### **Smart Assist: Intelligent Pump Metrics**

**Display of LV Waveform** 



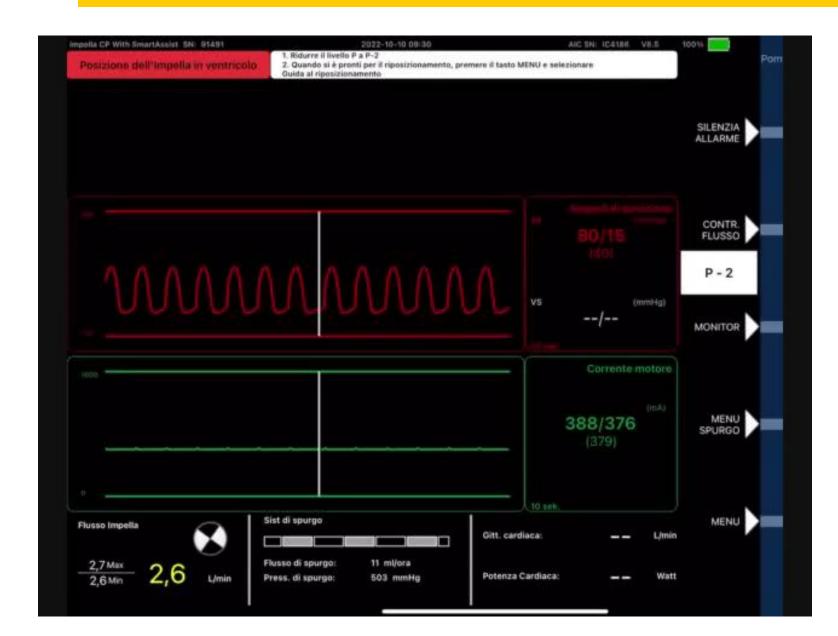




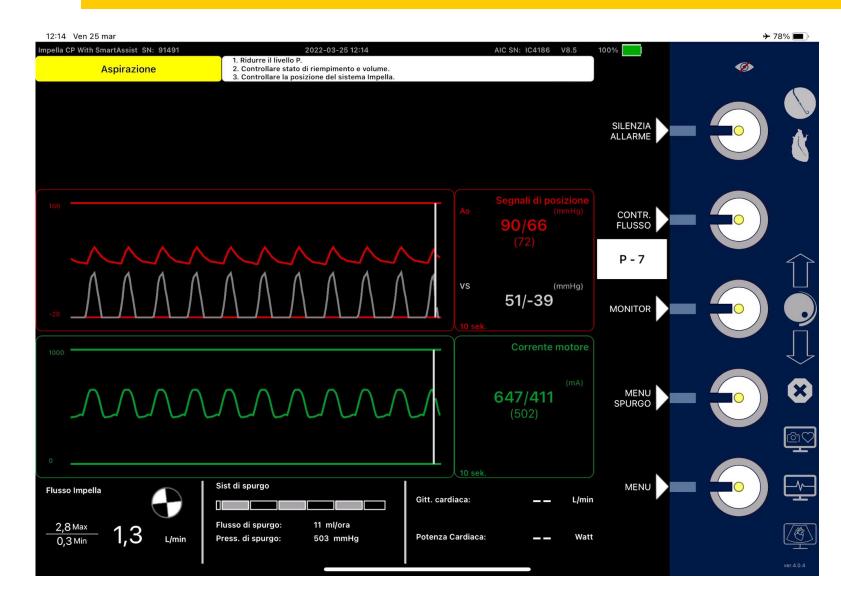




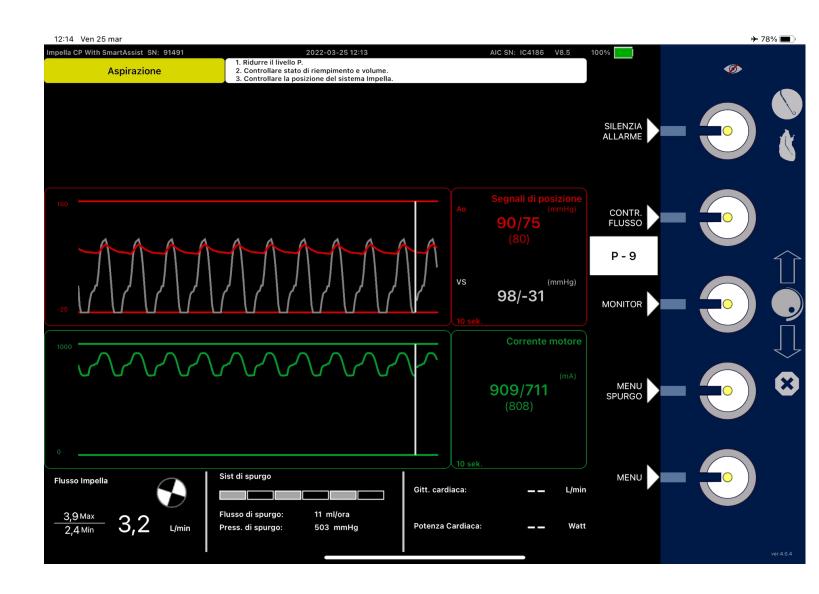






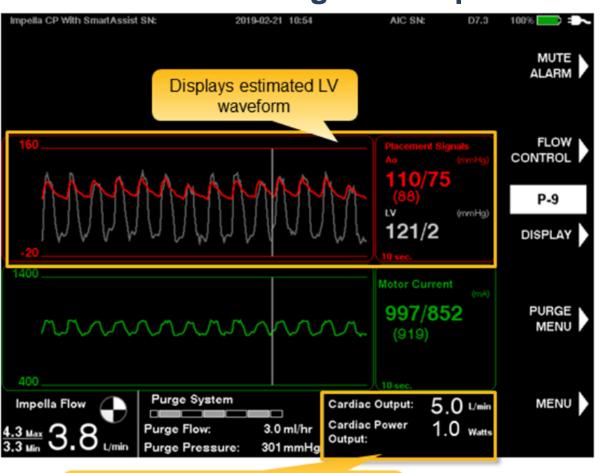








#### **Smart Assist: Intelligent Pump Metrics**



Displays Cardiac Output and Cardiac Power Output

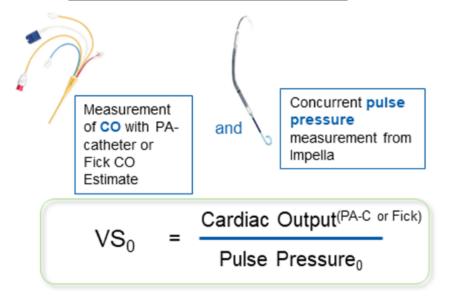


#### **Smart Assist: Intelligent Pump Metrics**

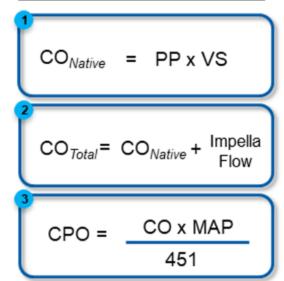
#### **Cardiac Output Metrics**

Fundamental Relationship

#### Vascular State Calibration

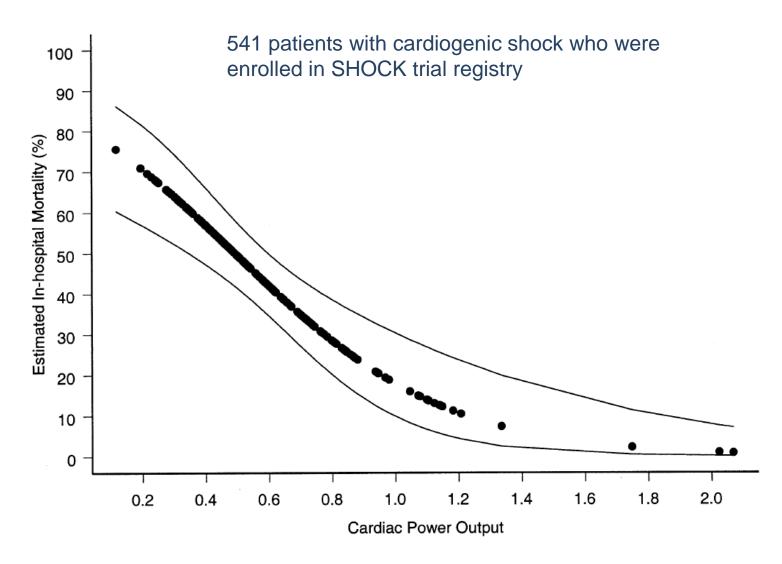


#### Cardiac Output Metrics



<sup>\*</sup>Vascular State calibration requires a measurable pulse pressure. Calibrations are not recommended when arterial waveform is flat. VS is assumed to be constant for up to 8 hours or until a new reference Cardiac Output is entered.





Fincke R et al J Am Coll Cardiol 2004



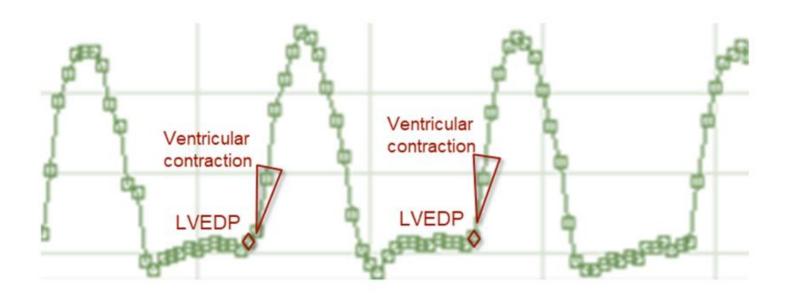
#### **Smart Assist: Intelligent Pump Metrics**

#### Calculating the LVEDP from the LV placement signal

The algorithm detects ventricular contraction based off the derived LV Placement Signal and calculates the pressure prior to the identified point of contraction

Ventricular contraction is detected by the rapid change in the LV placement signal

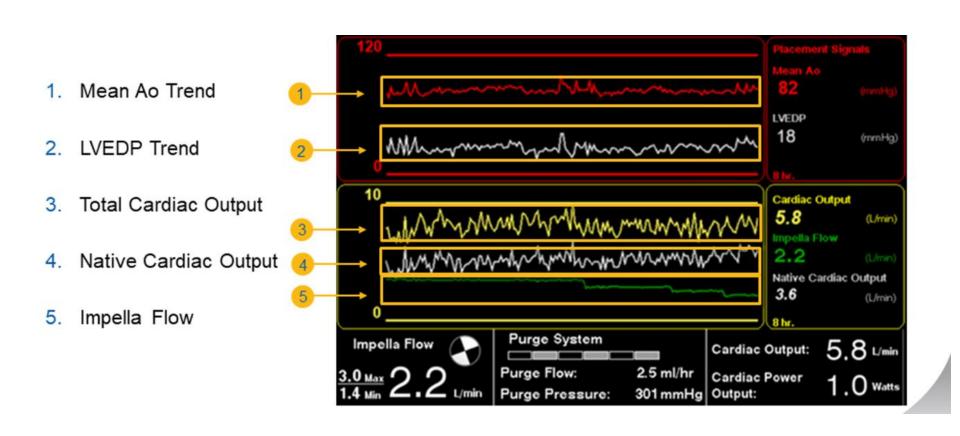
LVEDP is an average of the detected end-diastolic points on the LV placement signal over the last 10 seconds





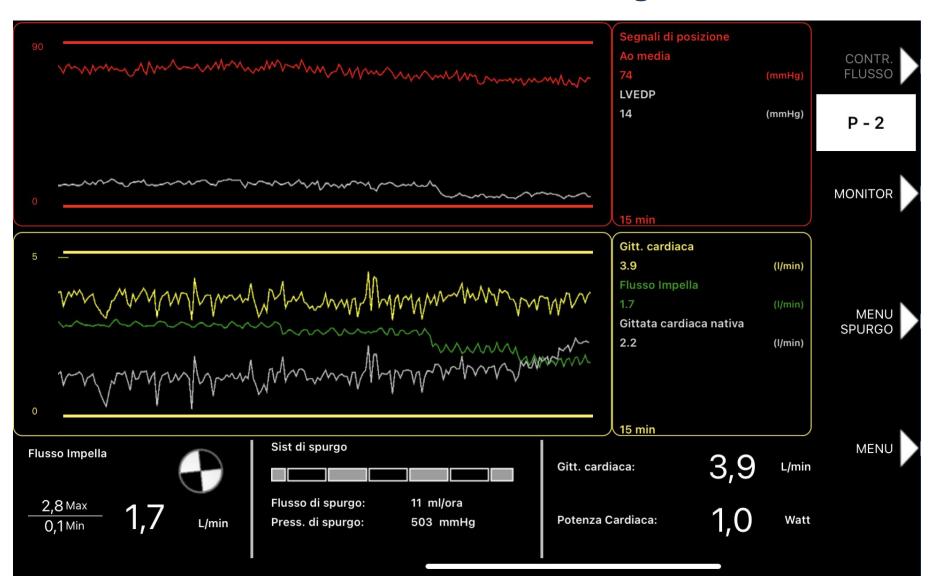
#### **Trend Screen**

Hemodynamic trends over selectable time-scales assist clinical decision-making



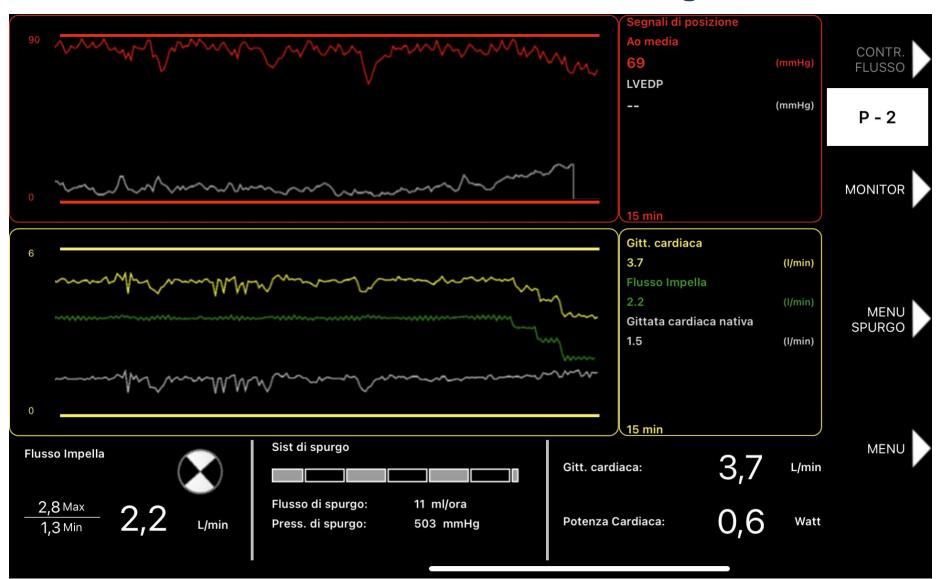


#### **Succefull Weaning**





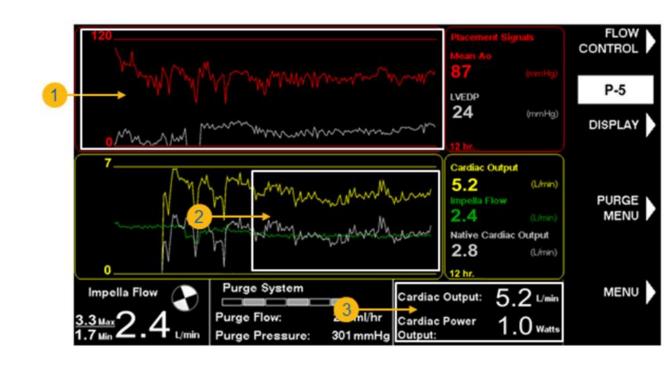
#### **Unsuccefull Weaning**





#### **Unsuccefull Weaning**

- Look for stable MAP and LVEDP
- Assess native heart recovery
- Maintain stable Cardiac Output/Cardiac Power Output







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#### **Conclusions**

- ✓ Al is a new and rapidly evolving innovative field, it carries significant risks if underperforming and unregulated.
- ✓ Despite the landmark studies exhibiting the potential of AI in transforming medicine, the ethical dilemmas concerning its real-life implementation are still unaddressed
- ✓ Going forwards, education of scientists, physicians but also of the public regarding AI and the logic behind its applications is vital. This can lead to better understanding and improved engagement in commercialisation of AI applications.
- ✓ Cardiologists should educate themselves in the development of AI and take part in AI innovations and utilise them in their practice. However, they will need to take into consideration the ethical dilemmas generated in areas where AI is replacing human and aim to integrate their knowledge and AI-derived suggestions, for a mature and accurate decision making in every step in the decision process.